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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/912,434	07/24/2001	Donald Nelson	IMMR-VTI0015A	5963
7590 09/20/2005			EXAMINER	
David B. Ritchie			HARRISON, CHANTE E	
Thelen Reid & Priest LLP P.O. Box 640640			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
San Jose, CA 95164-0640			2677	
			DATE MAILED: 09/20/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	09/912,434	NELSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chante Harrison	2677				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS atute, cause the application to become ABAND	be timely filed) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication. IONED (35 U.S.C. & 133)				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20	0 June 2005.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4,7-9,11-13,15,16,18 and 19</u> is	s/are pending in the application					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4,7-9,11-13,15,16,18 and 19</u> is	☑ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4,7-9,11-13,15,16,18 and 19</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and)☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Of	fice Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ian priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f)				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		cation No.				
Copies of the certified copies of the p						
application from the International Burn	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a I	ist of the certified copies not rece	eived.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summ					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 	Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform	uil Date nal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This action is responsive to communications: Amendment filed on 6/20/05.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 4, 7-9, 12-13,15, 16 and 18-19 are pending in the case. Claims 1, 9 and 13 are independent claims. Claims 1, 3,4, 9 and 13 have been amended. Claims 2, 5, 6, 10, 14 and 17 are cancelled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, 4, 7-9, 11-13, 15-16 and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Christopher Tarr et al., US 6,084,587, 7/2000 and further in view of Jianmin Zhao, US 5,889,528, 3/1999.

As per independent claim 1, Tarr discloses sensing a manipulation of an articulatable object configured to be coupled to a host computer system that includes a graphical environment (col. 4, II. 40-50); at least one of a displayed orientation and a displayed shape in the graphical environment in relation to the sensed manipulation (col. 17, II. 39-

44); and changing a relationship between the sensed manipulation and the at least one of the displayed orientation and the displayed shape of the graphical mage based on a simulated interaction of the graphical image with a graphical object (col. 9, II. 33-45; col. 8, II. 4-6; col. 22,II. 45-50); and calculating one of the displayed orientation and the displayed shape of the graphical image (i.e. updating the position of the manipulated sub-constructs defined as an algebraic object in the haptic interface space, which is a representation of the graphical environment (col. 4, II. 42-44; col. 5, II. 31-35; col. 8, II. 3-6; col. 13, II. 44-64; Fig. 10A).

Tarr fails to specifically disclose updating data values associated with the graphical image.

Tarr teaches a hierarchical representation of sub-constructs, such as fingers, having a plurality of constructs, which include attributes and parameters defining the geometric representation/shape and the orientation of the representation (col. 5-6, II. 45-2). Tarr teaches the geometric representations of the sub-constructs, such as fingers, may be defined as a primitive, polygon or algebraic object (col. 6, II. 1-3). Tarr teaches updating the position of the manipulated sub-constructs in the haptic interface space, which is a representation of the graphical environment (col. 4, II. 42-44; col. 5, II. 31-35; col. 8, II. 3-6).

Tarr fails to specifically disclose calculating includes using a quadratically converging and linearly scalable constraint solver, which Zhao discloses (col. 3, II. 36-46; col. 3-4, II. 65-17).

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Tarr teaches iteratively moving points of the virtual object toward a surface (col. 13, II. 15-35).

It would have been obvious to one of skill in the art to include updating data values associated with the graphical image in relation to the sensed manipulation with the method of Tarr because the defining of geometric representations mathematically as primitives, etc., results in the geometric representations having associated data values representing characteristics of the displayed image. Therefore, by manipulating the image the characteristics of the image change, which results in the update of the data values associated with the image position, etc. Additionally it would have been obvious to one of skill in the art to include Zhao's use of a quadratically converging and linearly scalable constraint solver with the method of Tarr because the manipulation of the image using a function of iterative movements towards a desired point which requires use of the object parameters, such as distance of the object position relative to another position, is representative of a quadratically converging and linearly scalable constraint solver.

As per dependent claims 3 and 15, Tarr teaches a hierarchical representation of sub-constructs, such as fingers, having a plurality of constructs, which include attributes and parameters, e.g. constraints, defining the geometric representation/shape and the orientation of the representation (col. 5-6, II. 45-2). Tarr teaches iteratively updating the position of the manipulated sub-constructs in the haptic interface space, which is a representation of the graphical environment, by continually evaluating the position of the

object relative to a surface point (col. 4, II. 42-44; col. 5, II. 31-35; col. 8, II. 3-6; col. 13, II. 44-64; Fig. 10A; col. 11).

Tarr fails to specifically disclose using constraints to calculate the at least one of the displayed orientation and the displayed shape of the graphical image, which Zhao discloses (i.e. termination criteria for each iteration of the quadratic function may be a threshold distance or time) (col. 3, II. 35-50).

It would have been obvious to one of skill in the art to include Zhao's using constraints to calculate one of the displayed orientation and the displayed shape of the graphical image with the method of Tarr because the image position and orientation is defined by geometric representations including parameters, e.g. constraints, such that the manipulation of the image by iterative movements towards a desired point requires use of the parameters, such as distance of the object position relative to another position, that define the image and its movements to determine the modified position and orientation of the image.

As per dependent claims 4 and 16, Tarr discloses using numerical methods to calculate the at least one of the displayed orientation and the displayed shape of the graphical image (i.e. evaluation of a function defining the algebraic object to determine the object position) (col. 11, II. 22-30; col. 12, II. 44-60) as does Zhao (i.e. approximating a quadratic function based on movement from one point towards another point) (col. 3-4, II. 65-17).

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As per dependent claims 7, 11 and 18, Tarr discloses the object is configured to provide

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haptic feedback (abstract).

As per dependent claims 8, 12, 19, Tarr discloses the haptic feedback is associated

with a simulated interaction of the graphical image and the graphical object (abstract).

As per independent claim 9, the rationale as applied in the rejection of claim 1 applies

herein.

As per independent claim 13, the rationale as applied in the rejections of claims 1 and 2

applies herein.

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Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 9 and 13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chante Harrison whose telephone number is 571-272-7659. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sumati Lefkowitz can be reached on 571-272-3638. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chante Harrison Examiner Art Unit 2677

August 23, 2005

SUMATI LEFKOWITZ
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER